

The Poetic Books of the Bible

The Five Books of Poetry:

1. Job - the secrets of _____
2. Psalms - the secret of _____
3. Proverbs - the secrets of _____
4. Ecclesiastes - vanity of _____
5. Song of Solomon - the _____ of love

The last 17 books deal with a nation.... The 5 books of poetry deal with the human _____.

Job:

The purpose of Job reveals the need to exercise faith when we don't know the _____ for suffering and affliction.

Job was _____ though he had no Bible.

Job is thought to be the _____ book in the Bible.

Job contains _____ chapters.

James 5:11 sates "*Ye have heard of the _____ of Job.*"

Job loses his wealth, children, and health yet still remains _____ to God.

God _____ explains to Job why he suffered.

God gave Job _____ as much in the end as he had before.

Psalms:

Psalms contains _____ chapters.

Psalms means a sacred song or _____.

Psalms was set to _____ for the tabernacle and temple worship.

Psalms contains the two middle words of the Bible "_____".

_____ is the main Author of Psalms.

Psalms is the most _____ book of the New Testament.

1st Century Christians _____ the Psalms.

The book of Psalms has _____ major divisions ending with the word _____.

Psalm 22 deals with the suffering savior or cross. *The _____ Shepherd*

Psalm 23 deals with the Living savior. *The _____ Shepherd*

Psalm 24 deals with the exalted kind or crown. *The _____ Shepherd*

_____ means Pause.

Psalms we studied included 1, 8, 19, 23, 100, 119.

Proverbs:

Proverbs deals with Practical wisdom and will develop your _____.

A Proverb is a short popular saying that expresses some obvious Truth.

_____ is the man Author of Proverbs.

Solomon spake _____ (1 Kings 4:32) *And he spake three thousand proverbs: and his songs were a thousand and five.*

Proverbs 31 describes a virtuous _____.

Ecclesiastes:

_____ is the author of Ecclesiastes.

He calls himself the _____.

Ecclesiastes teaches the _____ of everything apart from God.

The key word in Ecclesiastes is _____.

The problem with man is that he is looking " _____ " instead of looking to the "SON" of God.

Ecclesiastes teaches the greater the enjoyment the greater the disappointment.

Ecclesiastes teaches that only _____ can satisfy.

In Ecclesiastes the _____ is the object.

Song of Solomon:

In Song of Solomon _____ is the object.

Solomon wrote _____ songs. (1 Kings 4:32)

Another name for the Song of Solomon is _____ which means song or chant.

The key word in Song of Solomon is _____.

There are two unique names of Jesus in the Song of Solomon:

1. The Rose of _____
2. The Lily of the _____

The unique name of the groom's bride is _____ (6:13)

The Jews refer to the Song of Solomon as the Holy of _____ of Scripture.

Orthodox Jews required you to be _____ years of age before you could read the Song of Solomon.

The Book of Job

SCHOOL
of the BIBLE

BOOK OF THE SUFFERING
OF THE RIGHTEOUS

JOB



AUTHOR

- The human author is unknown.
- The author was possibly _____ himself.

DATE

- This is likely the _____ book in the Bible.
- Job lived around _____ B.C., probably around the time of _____
- There is no mention of the law, the tabernacle, the priesthood, etc.

THEME

“**BLESSING THROUGH** _____”

- This book answers the question, “Why do *the* _____ suffer?” Three answers are given:

1. _____, and _____ - (ch. 4-31)

“All suffering is God’s judgment for sin.”

- This is the wrong answer.

2. _____ - (ch. 32-37)

“Suffering is God’s way of teaching & refining.”

- This answer is better, but incomplete.

3. The _____ - (ch. 38-41)

“Suffering is a test of trusting God basically for who He is and not merely for what He does.”

- This is the right answer!

OUTLINE

- I. The Prologue - ch. 1-2 (_____)
- II. The Dialogue - ch. 3-42:6 (_____)
- III. The Epilogue - 42:7-17 (_____)

KEY VERSE

“*But he knoweth the way that I take: when he hath tried me, I shall come forth as gold.*”

Job 23:10

SPECIAL FEATURES

- The _____ of Job: _____ (Ezekiel 14:14)
- His _____ (James 5:11)
- Lessons about _____ :
- He must give _____ to God.
- He is _____ omnipresent, omniscient, or omnipotent.

CHRIST IN THE BOOK

- Job is a picture of Christ: _____
- He was _____
- He was _____
- He interceded for his _____ (Job 42:10).
- “ _____ ” (Job 9:33) - Christ is our mediator.

The Book of Job**CHAPTER 1**

How was Job considered before God?

What had God blessed Job with?

What would Job do for his sons in fear of the Lord?

For what reason did Satan determine that Job was faithful?

What did God not allow Satan to do to Job? What did Satan do to Job?

What was Job's reaction to God?

CHAPTER 2

What further harm did Satan want to try against Job? How was He limited?

With what did Satan strike Job?

CHAPTER 3

What did Job curse and for what did he long?

CHAPTER 38

What is the first question that God asks of Job?

What thought did God present to Job in His discourse?

CHAPTER 39

What is Job induced to realize about God and the animals of the earth?

CHAPTER 40

What is Job's response to God?

How did Job attempt to justify himself and nullify God's judgment?

What was God's challenge to Job?

CHAPTER 41

What was the Leviathan?

What was the purpose for the comparison with the Leviathan?

CHAPTER 42

How does Job respond to God's revealing of His omnipotence?

Why did God speak against Eliphaz, Bildad, and Zophar?

Why was Elihu not reproved by God?

How did God restore Job?

What Is the Lesson of Job for All People?

Job-Who Was He?

1-A Man (Job 1:1)

- a. Perfect towards God – blameless – right with God
- b. Upright means he had nothing to hide or be embarrassed of – he was clean – not that he had never sinned but that he always had his sin covered by the blood! Pardon!
- c. Feared God – faith in God means nothing if there is no fear of God
- d. Hated sin – faith in God means nothing if there is not a HATRED of sin – *escheweth* evil means Job avoided, spit sin out of his life. God cannot bless a person who does not HATE sin in his or her life!

2-A Man (Job 1:2,3; James 1:17)

- a. God had blessed Job's home
 - 1) Had a wonderful, faithful wife – the tragedies changed her
 - 2) Had TEN healthy, happy children
- b. God had blessed his business – farming – loads of animals, land – money
- c. God had blessed his name – a great name – well known

3-A Man (Job 1:4,5)

- a. His own spirituality (closeness with God) - no guarantee of his family's spirituality
- b. His children were a worry – blessings can often make the next generation lazy, especially in dependency upon God
- c. So he prays for his children, intercedes for them, and sacrifices for them in case they were doing something stupid
 - 1) Under the Old Testament, people HAD to offer sacrifices to cover for sins
 - 2) Fathers were responsible for their children's relationship with God and had to sometimes intercede for them when they sinned or they would be punished by God
 - 3) Job was NOT going to abandon his kids to the world, and to their own devices!

What Happened to Him?

The same thing that happens to everybody in this life – disasters (Job 3:25)

You can be dotting your i's, and perfectly crossing your t's and yet STILL get horrendously side-swiped by disaster!

Four of the worst disasters that can happen to any of us, all happened at once**1. Loss of all income and security**

- Sabeans stole his 1,000 oxen and 500 asses
- Lightning storm kills of his entire herd of 7,000 sheep
- Chaldeans stole his 3,000 camels
- All but 4 of his servants are lost along with all the farm animals

2. Loss of his children - a tornado kills all 10 of his children**3. Loss of his health** – a crippling, devastating disease**4. Loss of support** – his own wife wants to just die**How Did Job Respond (Job 1:20-22; 2:9-11)?**

1. The experiences of Job show us how to respond when absolutely everything that could go wrong, does go wrong!
2. THAT is why this BOOK is so important!
3. It would make a great movie – a great film, a great book wouldn't it? :)